

(100)

Question 1

Ireland: Topic 3 The pursuit of sovereignty and the impact of partition, 1912-1949

Answer one of the following questions:

Question 2

Ireland: Topic 3 The pursuit of sovereignty and the impact of partition, 1912-1949

Answer one of the following questions:

- 1. To what extent was the Anglo-Irish Treaty, 1921, responsible for the Irish Civil War? (100)
- 2. What steps did Irish governments take to consolidate democracy, 1923-1945? (100)
- 3. What was the significance of the Eucharistic Congress, 1932, for the Irish Free State? (100)
- 4. How well did the Unionist Party manage the affairs of Northern Ireland, 1920-1939? (100)

Question 3

Ireland: Topic 3 The pursuit of sovereignty and the impact of partition, 1912-1949

Answer one of the following questions:

1.	Why were the Anglo-Irish Treaty negotiations controversial?	(100)
2.	What were the main social and economic challenges facing Northern Ireland,	
	1920-1945?	(100)
3.	During the period 1932-1945, which did Éamon de Valera manage better, the	
	economy or Anglo-Irish relations? Argue your case, referring to both.	(100)
4.	What attempts were made to promote cultural identity, North and South, during	
	the period, 1912-1945?	(100)

Question 4

Ireland: Topic 3 The pursuit of sovereignty and the impact of partition, 1912-1949

Answer one of the following questions:

1.	During the period 1912-1920, what factors contributed	to the	partition	of Ireland? (100)
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- 2. Who handled Anglo-Irish relations better, W. T. Cosgrave or Éamon de Valera?
 Argue your case, referring to both. (100)
- 3. To what extent did the 1932 Eucharistic Congress and/or the language and education policies of Irish governments promote Irish cultural identity? (100)
- 4. How did the Unionist Party in power respond to the challenges posed by the existence of a substantial nationalist minority within Northern Ireland? (100)